# **TMForum & Camara Collaboration Update**

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## **TMF** and Camara collaboration

Explore Network uscecases with TMFOperate APIs and Camara APIs



#### **3rd Party-facing APIs**

#### Service APIs

App-centric, developer-oriented Apache2.0 lic, user-friendly, easy-to-use Example: QoD, verify location, device status, Sim Swap,.... Includes some management functionality used from the apps (in-app OAM APIs)

### Hosted by RAMARA

Contributed by OpenGateway partners, directly or supported by bodies like

GSMA 5/GFF tmforum

#### Operate APIs Management oriented

Easy-to-implement, easy-to-use, simple Example: register, account, monitor, issue mgmt, order/purchase, pay... Provides an easy integration of the NaaS Platform with marketplaces/portals

Contributed by OpenGateway partners, hosted by tmforum

#### Technology-specific APIs

Technical capability oriented, standard, (FRAND) deterministic Example: policy setting, parameter setting, information check...

#### Contributed by specific domain SDOs



- Successfully built the Reference ArchitectureIG1318 TM Forum and CAMARA APIs for telco standardized service exposure v1.1.0
- Operate API development group under TMForum
- Catalysts to explore e2e UC

## **TMF and Camara collaboration | Usecases**



## **Autonomous Network – TMF overview**

TM Forum starts Autonomous Networks Levels assessment, GenAl workstream, Self-healing domains







## **TMF** Autonomous Network reference architecture



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# AN Levels Taxonomy (IG1252)

Level	Typical characteristics	Interface requirements	Interface requirements description
Level 0-Manual management	Offline manual implementation	Manual operation interface	The interface shall be called manually by the upper layer.
Level 1-Assisted management	Manual implementation, online recording	Event reporting interface	The system shall respond to requirements for online recording and record the event reporting.
Level 2-Partial autonomous network	Automation driven by statically configured rules	Rule configuration interface	The system shall respond to requirements for static rules and support corresponding rules configuration capabilities.
Level 3-Conditional autonomous network	Automation implementation driven by dynamically programmable policies	Policy design and configuration	The system shall respond to requirements for dynamically programmable rules (policies) and support corresponding design and configuration capabilities.
Level 4-High autonomous network	Automatic implementation driven by AI assisted (if needed) knowledge, with continuous learning and rapid evolution.	Al Model management	The system shall respond to requirements for rules/policies generation, and provide corresponding local adaptation, model training and inference capabilities, with continuous learning and rapid evolution.
Level 5-Full autonomous network	Automatic implementation capable of self- evolution and adapting to changes.	Knowledge Closed loop management	Corresponding to autonomous evolution, knowledge (rules, policies, etc.) and AI/ML models are automatically generated based on AI deep learning, without human interference. The system shall respond to the closed-loop management requirements for knowledge and AI models.

# **AN Levels Assessment Pilot Study**

## **Objectives**

- Assess the feasibility of global comparison of operator AN Levels
- Prototype a methodology for comparing AN Levels
- Pilot assessment includes fault management for RAN and Core
- **Feb-24** Establish the pilot as a work activity within the TM Forum AN Project  $\checkmark$
- Mar-24 Sign up operator participants\* ✓
  - Provide a prototype Levels Evaluation Tool to participants ✓
  - Jointly agree the questionnaire and populate the Evaluation Tool  $\checkmark$
- Apr-24 Participants carry out self-assessment of AN Levels
- May-24 Participants analyze results and draw conclusions
- Jun-24 Publish conclusions in time for <u>DTW</u> (18-20 June 2024, Copenhagen)

### **Confirmed Operator Participants**

AIS
Elisa
Globe Telecom
MTN South Africa
Orange
Telefónica
Saudi Telecom Company
Telecom Argentina
Telkomsel

## **Building the UC MAP with our members**

Self-healing domains/closed loop – new work stream Next Generation of OSS

loT

Service Assurance

Core Network, Wireless Network quality optimisation IP Network quality optimisation Radio Network Optimisation

Troubleshooting,O&M Networks Incident Management

NOC

FW Management

SD-WAN

Home BB service assurance

Evolve the Service Management APIs\*

CSP ask: \*UC of how TMF Open API and Camara API can work together



# **Self-healing Domains**

Categories	Sub-categories
Self-serving	<ul> <li>Self-planning/capability delivery: Provides the customization (DIY) capabilities of network/ICT service planning, design and deployment</li> <li>Self-ordering: Provides the online, digitalized and/or one-click ordering capabilities of network/ICT services</li> <li>Self-marketing: Provides the automated marketing activities for general and/or personalized campaign/promotion</li> <li>Self-configuring: As new network elements are added, they are automatically recognized, provisioned and configured in the network</li> </ul>
Self-fulfilling	Self-organizing: Provides the collaboration of business/service/resource intent delivery on demand Self-managing: Provides the orchestration of business/service/resource intent delivery on demand Self-governing: Provides the governance of business/service/resource intent delivery on demand
Self-assuring	<ul> <li>Self-monitoring/reporting: Provides the automatic, continuous monitoring and alerting in real time</li> <li>Self-healing: Provides the recovery of SLAs e.g. performance, availability and security recovery in real time and so that the network may build predictive failure models, which are then combined with automated processes that are capable of altering network configurations to avoid failure condition</li> <li>Self-optimizing: Provides the real time optimization of SLA e.g. performance, availability and security</li> <li>Self-defending: Behavioral analytics models can be built to identify network element behavior that is abnormal and could indicate a compromised component. Automated process could then sandbox the suspect network element for further analysis and remediation or even roll back to the last known good configuration.</li> </ul>

- New project: Self-Healing Domain Solutions
  - Architecture patterns
  - Components & APIs
  - Usecase Map

# ODA Components and TMF Open APIs to manage and operate Network Resources



Intelligence Management TMFC057 Campaign Mamt TMFC060 Knowledge Mamt TMFC050 Recommendation Mamt TMFC037 Service Performance Mom TMFC038 Resource Performance Mom TMFC058 Product / Sales Performance Mgmi TMFC041 Anomaly Detector TMFC042 Anomaly Predictor TMFC043 Anomaly Mitigator

TMF currently has 60+ APIs, of which 12 are resource-related and 4 are strongly related to network resources

- Resource Function Activation (664)
- Resource Activation (702)
- Intent Management (921)
- Resource
   Inventory(639)

There is only one resource-related API(Resource Inventory) with the largest download volume in the API Dashboard.

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Dynamic view of ODA Functional Architecture (to be progressively extended in next versions to the global Order to Cash process)

Usage of TMF Open APIs (leveraging TMF Open APIs v4)

A draft list of ODA macro-components, represented as vertical lines in the sequence diagrams

Two possible ways of distributing processes and macrocomponents and TMF API orchestration

- A: Using the concept of BFF, in charge of process orchestration and TM Forum API orchestration
- B: Using TMF 701 Process Flow API to decouple front-ends and process layers



IG 1228 - UseCase Flow Confluence Page





Product Order Item

Service Order Item

Resource Order Item

Resource

Facing Service

Product Order

Resource Order

# **Network Management**

## **Repairing Access using a cross-domain orchestrator**



### Sequence of operational control

- Service Orchestrator controls and manages the Domains requests access based on Service Intent
- Access Domain includes Wire-line (fixed) and Wireless access
- Access Domain Orchestrator actions TMF664 Resource Function Activation for Wireline FTTC
- Wireline FTTC starts working, generating TMF635 Service Usage and reporting on its performance using TMF628 Performance Management
- Service runs Okay for a while, but then starts to degrade
- Access Domain Orchestrator knows it has a 4G access capability available so actions a new TMF644 Resource Activation for Wireless 4G
- Wireless 4G starts working, generating TMF635 Service Usage and reporting on its performance using TMF628 Performance Management
- Access Domain Orchestrator stops the Wire-line access

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## **Use Case - Network service Self-healing**

- The Operator offers a Software Defined Cloud Interconnect (SDCI) service with points of presence in various regions.
- The Operator's SDCI uses multivendor SD-WAN and virtual routers to connect sites to cloud infrastructure.
- There has been an unexpected decrease in bandwidth for numerous subscribers in one of the regions.



**Enterprise Sites** 

# TR 313 "Architecture options for Integration with Resource Technology-Specific Domains"

- This guide is meant to help CSPs understand different architecture patterns and choices within the ODA Production Network Resource Operational Domains.
- The guide covers key changes in Network Service and Resource Layers, along with operational practices outlined by other SDO groups.

https://projects.tmforum.org/wiki/pages/viewpage .action?pageId=286103795

